



SAFETY DATA SHEET SUPER PROFESSIONAL THICK BLEACH W2

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	SUPER PROFESSIONAL THICK BLEACH W2	
Product number	800-111-0013	
Container size	1 litre	
UFI	UFI: DMS7-PSQW-MH7Y-C3R4	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Cleaning agent. Disinfectant.	
Uses advised against	Use only for intended applications.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Mirius™ A Coventry Group Company Woodhams Road Siskin Drive Coventry CV3 4FX Coventry Chemicals (Ireland) Limited 4th Floor 8-34 Percy Place Dublin 4 Ireland Tel: +44 (0) 02476 639 739 Fax: +44 (0) 02476 639 717 Email: sales@mirius.com	
Contact person	For content of safety data sheet:, sds@mirius.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1865407333 (Strictly for emergencies only: incidents involving damage to human health and/or the environment)	
National emergency telephone		
number	In case of a medical emergency following exposure to a chemical call NHS Direct in England or Wales 0845 46 47 or NHS 24 in Scotland 08454 24 24 24	
	Ireland: For information or to report a poisoning incident contact The National Poisons Information Centre (01 8092166)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification		

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)		
Physical hazards	Met. Corr. 1 - H290	

Health hazards	Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
2.2. Label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H290 May be corrosive to metals. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH206 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).
Contains	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE, C12-14-ALKYL ETHER SULFATES
Biocide Labelling	This product contains substances with biocidal properties., Contains active substance: Sodium Hypochlorite, 4.37%, Read attached instructions before use.
Detergent labelling	< 5% anionic surfactants, < 5% chlorine-based bleaching agents, < 5% perfumes
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use. P234 Keep only in original packaging. P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. P391 Collect spillage.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

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SUPER PROFESSIONAL THICK BLEACH W2

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE		4.4%
CAS number: 7681-52-9	EC number: 231-668-3	
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification		
Ox. Liq. 2 - H272		
Met. Corr. 1 - H290		
Skin Corr. 1B - H314		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		
C12-14 ALKYL ETHER SULFATES		1-5%
		1-5%
CAS number: 68891-38-3	EC number: 500-234-8	
Classification		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
SODIUM HYDROXIDE		<1%
CAS number: 1310-73-2	EC number: 215-185-5	
Classification		
Met. Corr. 1 - H290		

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Rinse nose and mouth with water.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Rinse immediately with plenty of water.
4.2. Most important symptoms	s and effects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation	The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation.
Ingestion	This product is corrosive. May cause chemical burns in mouth and throat. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Prolonged contact causes serious tissue damage.	
Eye contact	This product is corrosive. May cause chemical eye burns. Corneal damage. Severe irritation, burning, tearing and blurred vision.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of carbon.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. For personal protection, see Section 8.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.	
6.3. Methods and material for c	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Stop leak if safe to do so. Flush away spillage with plenty of water. Absorb spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Do not use sawdust or other combustible material. Provide adequate ventilation. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.	
6.4. Reference to other section	<u>s</u>	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handl	ing	
Usage precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Do not mix with acid.	

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Provide eyewash station. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin.		
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities			
Storage precautions	Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from light. Store away from the following materials: Acids. Store at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep out of the reach of children.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.		
SECTION 8: Exposure control	Introls/Personal protection		
8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE			
Short-term exposure limit (15-r	minute): WEL 0.5 ppm 1.5 mg/m³		
SODIUM HYDROXIDE			
Short-term exposure limit (15-r WEL = Workplace Exposure L			
	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE (CAS: 7681-52-9)		
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m ³		
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.00021 mg/l - marine water; 0.000042 mg/l - Intermittent release; 0.00026 mg/l - STP; 4.69 mg/l - ; <u>C12-14 ALKYL ETHER SULFATES (CAS: 68891-38-3)</u>		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 175 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2750 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 52 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1650 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/kg/day		

PNEC

- Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l
- marine water; 0.024 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 0.071 mg/l
- Sediment, Fresh water; 0.917 mg/kg
- Sediment, marine water; 0.092 mg/kg
- Soil; 7.5 mg/kg
- STP; 10,000 mg/l

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)

Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.0 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.0 mg/m³

DNEL

8.2. Exposure controls



Appropriate engineering

controls

controls



Provide adequate ventilation.

Eye/face protectionEyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates
eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is
required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal
protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.

Hand protectionChemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if
a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made
of the following material: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Rubber (natural, latex). To protect hands
from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist
degradation. A break through time of >60 minutes is suggested. Gloves should be inspected
regularly for damage.

Other skin and bodyWear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Use appropriate skinprotectioncream to prevent drying of skin.

Hygiene measuresGood personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other
contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. Use
appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin.

Respiratory protectionRespiratory protection not required.Environmental exposureAvoid releasing into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Viscous liquid.	
Colour	Yellow. Clear.	
Odour	Citrus. Chlorine.	
Odour threshold	Not applicable.	
рН	pH (concentrated solution): >11	
Flash point	This product does not sustain combustion.	

Deletting d	
Relative density	1.070 typically @ 20°C
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Viscosity	300-450 cP @ 20°C
Explosive properties	There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated with explosive properties.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated with oxidising properties.
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	Not relevant.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ictivity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	The reactivity data for this product will be typical of those for the following class of materials: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Decomposes over time. Factors that increase the rate of decomposition: increase in temperature, certain metallic impurities, high initial concentration, fall in pH below 11and exposure to light.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions	reactions Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine.
Possibility of hazardous	
Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine.
Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine.
Possibility of hazardous reactions <u>10.4. Conditions to avoid</u> Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u>	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper.
Possibility of hazardous reactions <u>10.4. Conditions to avoid</u> Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper.
Possibility of hazardous reactions <u>10.4. Conditions to avoid</u> Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid <u>10.6. Hazardous decomposition</u>	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. In products Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hypochlorous acid. Sodium chlorate
Possibility of hazardous reactions <u>10.4. Conditions to avoid</u> Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid <u>10.6. Hazardous decomposition</u> Hazardous decomposition products	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. In products Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hypochlorous acid. Sodium chlorate Formation
Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid 10.6. Hazardous decomposition Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. In products Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hypochlorous acid. Sodium chlorate Formation
Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int 11.1. Information on toxicologi	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. n products Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hypochlorous acid. Sodium chlorate formation cal effects
Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid 10.6. Hazardous decomposition Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int 11.1. Information on toxicologi Toxicological effects	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hypochlorous acid. Sodium chlorate Cormation Cal effects Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.
Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int 11.1. Information on toxicologi Toxicological effects Other health effects Acute toxicity - oral	Generates toxic gas in contact with acid. Chlorine. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Acids. Ammonia. Organic compounds. Some metals. Nickel. Iron. Copper. n products Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine. Hypochlorous acid. Sodium chlorate formation cal effects Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products. Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation	Corrosive to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Not classified. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Does not contain any substances known to be mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
STOT - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity -	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
Specific target organ toxicity - STOT - repeated exposure	repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or
Specific target organ toxicity - STOT - repeated exposure Inhalation	repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Small amounts may cause serious damage. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus
Specific target organ toxicity - STOT - repeated exposure Inhalation Ingestion	 repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Small amounts may cause serious damage. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the
Specific target organ toxicity - STOT - repeated exposure Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact	 repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Small amounts may cause serious damage. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Chemical burns. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause temporary eye irritation. May cause
Specific target organ toxicity - STOT - repeated exposure Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact 11.2 Information on other	 repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Small amounts may cause serious damage. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Chemical burns. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause temporary eye irritation. May cause
Specific target organ toxicity - STOT - repeated exposure Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact 11.2 Information on other hazards 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting	 repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. The product is considered to be a low hazard under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Small amounts may cause serious damage. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Chemical burns. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause temporary eye irritation. May cause chemical eye burns. This product is not classified as, nor contains substances classed as having endocrine

Toxicological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	8,910.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

SUPER PROFESSIONAL THICK BLEACH W2

	ATE oral (mg/kg)	8,910.0
	Acute toxicity - dermal	
	Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅o mg/kg)	2,001.0
	Species	Rabbit
	ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,001.0
	Skin corrosion/irritation	
	Animal data	Corrosive to skin. REACH dossier information. Dose: LD50 = 20g/kg bw, 2 days, Rabbit
	Serious eye damage/irritation	
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.
	Respiratory sensitisation	
	Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
	Skin sensitisation	
	Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
	Germ cell mutagenicity	
	Genotoxicity - in vivo	REACH dossier information. Negative.
	Carcinogenicity	
	Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Reproductive toxicity	
	Reproductive toxicity - fertility	REACH dossier information. No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
SECTION 1	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity 12.1. Toxici	cause lo	duct contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms and which may ng-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Toxicity		duct contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms.
-	-	
	nformation on ingredients.	
	A	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	LE(C)50	$0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$
	M factor (Acute)	10
	Acute toxicity - fish	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.01-0.1 mg/l,
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.01-0.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

LOEC, : 0.375 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity	
NOEC	0.001 < NOEC ≤ 0.01
Degradability	Rapidly degradable
M factor (Chronic)	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable. May accumulate in soil and sediment. Substantially removed in biological treatment processes. The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in The Detergents Regulations (as amended).

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Stability (hydrolysis)	Water - Half-life 10% NaoCL: 220 days @ 25°C - Half-life 5% NaOCL: 790 days @ 25°C REACH dossier information.
Biodegradation	The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	log Kow: -3.4174 REACH dossier information.
llife (in coll	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Henry's law constant	0.076 @ 20°C
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

12.6.	Endocrine	disrupting
prope	erties	

Endocrine disruptingThis product is not classified as, nor contains substances classed as having endocrine
disrupting characteristics at levels >0.1% by weight (according to Regulation (EU) 2018/605).

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	There is evidence that sodium hypochlorite inhibits the aerobic treatment process at a concentration of 0.05 mg/l.
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>S</u>
General information	When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1760
UN No. (IMDG)	1760
UN No. (ICAO)	1760
UN No. (ADN)	1760
14.2. UN proper shipping name	<u>e</u>
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE, C12-14-ALKYL ETHER SULFATES)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE, C12-14-ALKYL ETHER SULFATES)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE, C12-14-ALKYL ETHER SULFATES)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE, C12-14-ALKYL ETHER SULFATES)
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	s <u>)</u>
ADR/RID class	8
ADR/RID classification code	C9
ADR/RID label	8
IMDG class	8
ICAO class/division	8
ADN class	8
Transport labels	



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III

ICAO packing group	III
ADN packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-A, S-B
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	2X
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	80
Tunnel restriction code	(E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as amended).
The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009
No. 716).
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use)
(Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (as amended).
The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as amended).
The Detergents Regulations 2010 (SI 2010 No. 740) (as amended). The Detergents
(Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (SI 2019 No. 612) (as amended). The Detergents
(Safeguarding) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (SI 2019 No. 671) (as amended).
The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (SI 2020 No. 1577) (as amended).

EU legislation	
	European Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended)
	European Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	European Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents (as amended).
	European Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products (BPR) as amended.
	Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) 1907/2006.
Guidance	COSHH Essentials.
	ECHA Guidance on the Application of the CLP Criteria. ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out. Sodium hypochlorite. and Sodium hydroxide.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. Review of SDS with no change of classification. Note: Finished product SDS take their revision history from the parent bulk liquid SDS. The revision data will show that of the parent liquid.
Revision date	21/03/2024
Revision	2
Supersedes date	20/02/2019
SDS number	22054
Hazard statements in full	 H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H290 May be corrosive to metals. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.